Founded in 1939, Neuberger Berman is a private, independent, employee-owned investment manager. The firm manages equities, fixed income, private equity and hedge fund portfolios for institutions and advisors worldwide. With offices in 19 countries, Neuberger Berman’s team is approximately 2,000 professionals and the company was named by *Pensions & Investments* as a “Best Place to Work in Money Management” for three consecutive years. Tenured, stable and long-term in focus, the firm fosters an investment culture of fundamental research and independent thinking.
Neuberger Berman Multi-Asset Risk Premia Strategy

**KEY FEATURES**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1</strong></td>
<td>TARGETS ABSOLUTE RETURNS WITH MANAGED VOLATILITY FROM A PORTFOLIO OF ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA DIVERSIFIED ACROSS STYLES AND ASSET CLASSES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2</strong></td>
<td>LOW CORRELATION TO TRADITIONAL ASSET CLASSES, PROVIDING DIVERSIFICATION BENEFITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3</strong></td>
<td>FOLLOWS A 100% RULES-BASED INVESTMENT PROCESS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4</strong></td>
<td>OFFERS TRANSPARENCY AND DAILY LIQUIDITY AT ATTRACTIVE FEES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What are alternative risk premia?

Numerous research studies have analysed sources of return that are derived neither from pure market exposure (“beta”) nor from idiosyncratic security risk (“alpha”), but rather from a range of systematic risk factors such as “value” or “momentum”. These sources of long-term excess returns are known as alternative risk premia, and in recent years rules-based, systematic investment strategies have been developed to capture them via liquid, transparent and relatively low-cost structures.
What are the potential benefits?

**ATTRACTION RISK-ADJUSTED RETURNS**
Alternative risk premia extracted from equity, fixed income, commodities and FX have exhibited attractive returns over a variety of market environments and time horizons.

**A TRUE DIVERSIFIER**
Alternative risk premia exhibit low correlation to equities, bonds, and other alternative asset classes, as well as to one another, which can reduce directionality in portfolios.

**COST-EFFECTIVE RETURNS**
Portfolios of alternative risk premia have tended to outperform the market over the long term, but can be accessed at a lower cost compared to hedge funds.

**INCREASED TRANSPARENCY**
Alternative risk premia are often the "less obvious" sources of excess return in costlier active and alternative strategies, and can often be accessed via more investor-friendly terms.

**COMPLEMENTARY**
Alternative risk premia strategies can be effective complements, enhancements or even replacements for hedge fund exposure in an investor’s portfolio.
How do alternative risk premia fit into a portfolio?

Within a traditional portfolio, alternative risk premia strategies can act as diversifiers due to their low correlation with equities and bonds. Because they share similar objectives and characteristics with hedge funds, including long and short positions, they may be considered as a hedge fund supplement or replacement. Alternative risk premia deliver “purer” exposure to the factors that often underpin hedge fund performance, and can thereby potentially represent an improvement in investment efficiency particularly after fees are considered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>60% global equities / 40% global bonds</th>
<th>55%/35%/10% Model MARP</th>
<th>50%/40%/10% Model MARP</th>
<th>60%/30%/10% Model MARP</th>
<th>50%/30%/20% HFRX</th>
<th>50%/30%/10% HFRX/10% MARP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td>Annualised Return</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Annualised Volatility</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sharpe (to 1M LIBOR)</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>0.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max Drawdown</td>
<td>-36.1%</td>
<td>-31.7%</td>
<td>-29.0%</td>
<td>-34.3%</td>
<td>-32.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Correlation to MSCI World</td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Bloomberg, Hedge Fund Research, Neuberger Berman as at 31 January 2017. Model MARP scaled to 5% target volatility. For Illustrative purposes only. Please see “Hypothetical Backtested Performance Disclosures” at the end of this material. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The models shown reflect a combination of live index, backtested index, and/or backtested Neuberger Berman models. The results do reflect the fees and expenses associated with managing a portfolio. Hypothetical backtested performance has certain inherent limitations and reflects the retroactive application of models designed with the benefit of hindsight. Unlike actual investment performance, hypothetical backtested results do not represent actual trading and accordingly they may not reflect the impact that material economic and market factors might have had on decision making if assets were actually managed during the relevant period.
Neuberger Berman Multi-Asset
Risk Premia Strategy

The strategy seeks to deliver absolute returns through well-diversified exposure to 4 styles of risk premia identified across equities, fixed income, currencies and commodities—for a total of 13 risk premia included in the portfolio. The strategy aims to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns with low correlation to traditional asset classes, including better managed drawdowns during highly volatile periods.

Risk premia have been selected based on four main criteria:

- Must be economically intuitive
- Large enough to generate returns without excessive leverage
- Diversifying
- Liquid and tradable

**RISK PREMIA CONSIDERED:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STYLE</th>
<th>INTUITION</th>
<th>RESEARCH</th>
<th>EQUITIES</th>
<th>FIXED INCOME</th>
<th>CURRENCIES</th>
<th>COMMODITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Momentum</td>
<td>Winners tend to keep winning and losers tend to continue losing</td>
<td>Jegadeesh &amp; Titman (1993); Geczy, C. and Samonov, M. (2013)</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carry</td>
<td>Higher yielding assets tend to outperform lower yielding assets</td>
<td>Campbell &amp; Shiller (1988); Cochrane et al. (2005); Kojien et al. (2013)</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>√</td>
<td>√</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquidity</td>
<td>Less-liquid assets may outperform more-liquid assets</td>
<td>Pastor &amp; Stambaugh (2003); Acharya &amp; Pedersen (2005); Amihud (2002); and Ibbotson et al. (2013)</td>
<td>√</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For illustrative purposes only.
Investment process and philosophy

The team believes that alternative risk premia investing is an effective way to capture persistent drivers of absolute return created by behavioural biases and diverse risk appetites.

We employ a systematic process, based on award-winning research that seeks to deliver a risk-balanced allocation to a portfolio of alternative risk premia.

### PREMIA SELECTION

Choose premia that meet predetermined selection criteria

- Apply criteria of economic intuition, size of premium, tradability and diversification potential
- 4 styles and 13 individual premia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equities</th>
<th>Fixed Income</th>
<th>Currencies</th>
<th>Commodities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Momentum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquidity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION

PMs set target risk profile for styles and individual premia

- Budget equal risk to the four styles, and to individual premia within styles
- Dynamic risk models include adjustments to stabilise correlations

### IMPLEMENTATION

Select instruments and weights that result in desired risk profile and portfolio volatility

- Derive premia weights expected to deliver target portfolio risk of 5%
- Implement using liquid, index-based derivatives and rebalance monthly

![Portfolio Performance Chart](chart.png)
Hypothetical Backtested Model Neuberger Berman Multi-Asset Risk Premia (“MARP”) Portfolio Net Performance – 5% Volatility

Performance of the Neuberger Berman Credit Suisse Multi-Asset Risk Premia Index has been used as a proxy for the strategy. Please see important information at the back of this document.

Hypothetical Backtested Performance (Net of fees)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>MODEL NB MARP PORTFOLIO</th>
<th>MSCI WORLD INDEX</th>
<th>60/40 PORTFOLIO</th>
<th>HFRX ABSOLUTE RETURN INDEX</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annualised Return</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td>5.22%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annualised Volatility</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>15.4%</td>
<td>10.29%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reward to Risk</td>
<td>1.38</td>
<td>0.41</td>
<td>0.51</td>
<td>0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Drawdown</td>
<td>-5.1%</td>
<td>-53.7%</td>
<td>-36.1%</td>
<td>-19.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>As at 31 January 2017</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YTD (From 1 Jan 2017)</td>
<td>-0.8%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
<td>11.5%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 years</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Correlation to Model NB MARP Portfolio</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-0.26</td>
<td>-0.04</td>
<td>-0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 years</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-0.35</td>
<td>-0.26</td>
<td>-0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-0.25</td>
<td>-0.18</td>
<td>-0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full period</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-0.16</td>
<td>-0.09</td>
<td>-0.27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Hypothetical net returns represent the return of the index adjusted for all transaction costs, management fees and operating expenses associated with an investment in the Fund.

Source: Bloomberg, Hedge Fund Research. 60/40 Portfolio is comprised of 60% MSCI World Index and 40% Barclays Global Aggregate Index.

PLEASE SEE “HYPOTHETICAL BACKTESTED PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURES” AT THE END OF THIS MATERIAL FOR IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES REGARDING THE HYPOTHETICAL BACKTESTED PERFORMANCE SHOWN IN THIS PRESENTATION. The hypothetical data shown is based on backtested model portfolios and is shown for illustrative and discussion purposes only. The results are shown on a supplemental basis and do not reflect the fees and expenses associated with managing a portfolio, unless otherwise stated. Hypothetical performance has certain inherent limitations. As with all backtested results, the results reflect the retroactive application of models designed with the benefit of hindsight. Unlike actual investment performance, hypothetical model results do not represent actual trading and accordingly they may not reflect the impact that material economic and market factors might have had on decision making if assets were actually managed during the relevant period. Investing entails risks, including possible loss of principal. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
Why consider the Neuberger Berman Multi-Asset Risk Premia Strategy?

STRATEGY CHARACTERISTICS

INDEX LAUNCH DATE: 29 January 2016

VOLATILITY TARGET*: 5% for the Index

TARGET SHARPE RATIO*: 0.75 – 1.00

TARGET RETURN*: 4 – 6% (Net)

• A straightforward portfolio of 13 well-researched and well-established risk premia diversified across style and asset class.

• The strategy aims to deliver uncorrelated returns with managed volatility.

• The investment team utilises a rules-based, systematic approach to capture these risk premia, and combines them with a “risk parity” approach to portfolio construction (riskier risk premia will have lower weights, while less risky risk premia will have higher weights, all else equal).

• The two lead portfolio managers, with a long track record of managing factor-based investment strategies, are supported by a team of 30+ professionals. An additional 27 professionals are dedicated to risk management. The team has won awards for their research on risk-based asset allocation.¹

• The strategy is accessible in a daily-liquid and transparent UCITS vehicle.

¹ “Risk Based Asset Allocation: A New Answer to an Old Question” was the winner of the 2012 Peter L. Bernstein Award by Institutional Investor Journals and the 2011 winner of Best Article of the Year by the Journal of Portfolio Management.

* These are targets and there is no guarantee that they will be met by the investment adviser. They are subject to change at any time without prior notice.
About the team

The team has managed a diverse suite of factor-based investment capabilities since 2005 and is supported by 57 investment and risk professionals.

LEAD PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

AJAY JAIN, CFA, FCCA
Head of Multi-Asset Class Portfolio Management
17 Years of Experience

WAI LEE, PhD
Global Head of Quantitative Investments
23 Years of Experience

Portfolio Management Team

DAVID WAN
Portfolio Manager
10+ Years of Experience

ATUL KUMAR
Portfolio Manager
10+ Years of Experience

PAUL LEONARDI
Trader
10+ Years of Experience

NATALIA GROYSBERG
Portfolio Manager
10+ Years of Experience

HAKAN KAYA, PhD
Portfolio Manager
10+ Years of Experience

VANESSA ROSENTHAL
Portfolio Specialist
10+ Years of Experience
Investors should consider this strategy when looking for:

1. Absolute return in different market conditions over the medium to long term.

2. An alternative source of return, possibly as a complement to or replacement for some of your hedge fund/alternatives allocation.

3. A strategy with low correlation to traditional asset classes, providing true diversification benefits.

4. A liquid alternative strategy at attractive fees.
The hypothetical performance results included in this material are for a backtested model portfolio and are shown for illustrative purposes only. Neuberger Berman calculated the hypothetical results by running a variety of model portfolios on a backtested basis using the methodology described herein. The results are shown as a supplement basis and do not reflect the fees and expenses associated with managing a portfolio, unless otherwise stated. The models assume a minimum $25 investment with no cash allocations and monthly rebalancing.

Model NB Multi-Asset Risk Premia Portfolio:

Model Presented: Model NB Multi-Asset Risk Premia and individual risk premia. 13 risk premia from the categories of value, momentum, carry and liquidity.

Period: January 1, 2000 – January 31, 2017

Data Sources: Bloomberg; Neuberger Berman

Hypothetical Backtest Methodology:

The simulated portfolio was constructed by determining a risk budget for the underlying assets and then applying a risk-balanced framework to determine portfolio weights. The risk budget was determined by identifying common risk premia from multiple assets, then forming portfolios of “similar” strategies, and assigning respective risk premia buckets. Risk budgeting was then applied at both the risk premia level as well as within each bucket at the strategy level. The risk of each constituent asset was defined using historical data with more weight assigned to recent data (i.e. exponentially weighted with 1 year half life). To calculate the covariance matrix, we use an expanding data set with at least 5 years of data. Some shrinkage methods are also applied at this stage. The correlation matrix is a combination of 1) a standard correlation matrix and 2) a correlation matrix that averages correlations both within the asset classes and also across asset classes. The portfolio weights were derived by allocating equal risk to each asset class and to each asset within the asset class, and subsequently determining the portfolio weights to each asset that would provide for such a distribution of risk budget. After forming the portfolio, the next period’s asset returns obtained from Bloomberg are multiplied by the respective portfolio weights to get the next period’s portfolio return. For certain period of time the backtested data reflects the returns of one or more Credit Suisse Index or Index Premia obtained from Bloomberg. The Credit Suisse Index/Premia is based upon the substantial similar methodology as utilised for the NB Model backtests. There may be differences between the NB Model backtests and Credit Suisse Index/ Premia data as a result of the differences between the models and indexes/index premia, including the treatment of cash and timing of execution prices (NB Models use intra-day execution prices whereas Credit Suisse Index/Premia data is based upon end of day pricing). For purposes of clarification, regardless of the data source used for the hypothetical backtested models, all data is hypothetical backtested data.

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Unless otherwise indicated, results shown reflect reinvestment of any dividends and distributions. The hypothetical performance figures are shown gross of fees, which do not reflect the deduction of investment advisory fees and other expense. If such fees and expense were reflected, returns referenced would be lower. Advisory fees are described in Part 2 of Neuberger Berman’s Form ADV. A client’s return will be reduced by the advisory fees and any other expenses it may incur in the management of its account. The deduction of fees has a compounding effect on performance results. For example, assume Neuberger Berman achieves a 10% annual return prior to the deduction of fees each year for a period of 10 years. If a fee of 1% of assets under management were charged and deducted from the returns, the resulting compounded annual return would be reduced to 8.91%. Please note that there is no comparable reduction from the indices for the fees.

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